

11.2 EXERCISES

PRACTICE

- Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 3 \\ 9 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$. Determine the following, if possible:
 - The order of A
 - The value of a_{12}
 - The value of a_{23}
- Let $B = [-7 \ 2 \ 11]$. Determine the following, if possible:
 - The order of B
 - The value of b_{12}
 - The value of b_{31}
- Let $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 5 & -3 \\ 2 & 9 \\ \pi & e \\ 10 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$. Determine the following, if possible:
 - The order of C
 - The value of c_{23}
 - The value of c_{51}
- Let $D = \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 13 & -1 \\ 0 & 6 & 3 \\ 0 & -9 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. Determine the following, if possible:
 - The order of D
 - The value of d_{23}
 - The value of d_{33}
- Let $E = \begin{bmatrix} -443 & 951 & 165 & 274 \\ 286 & -653 & 812 & -330 \\ 909 & 377 & 429 & -298 \end{bmatrix}$. Determine the following, if possible:
 - The order of E
 - The value of e_{42}
 - The value of e_{21}
- Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 5 & 0 \\ 7 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Determine the following, if possible:
 - The order of A
 - The value of a_{22}
 - The value of a_{13}
- Let $B = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 \\ 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$. Determine the following, if possible:
 - The order of B
 - The value of b_{12}
 - The value of b_{13}
- Let $C = \begin{bmatrix} 65 & 32 & 91 & 45 \\ 23 & 18 & 75 & 47 \\ 8 & 63 & 28 & 31 \end{bmatrix}$. Determine the following, if possible:
 - The order of C
 - The value of c_{43}
 - The value of c_{23}

9. Let $D = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 9 & 7 & 1 & 8 \\ 5 & 3 & 0 & 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$. Determine the following, if possible:

- a. The order of D b. The value of d_{21} c. The value of d_{24}

Construct the augmented matrix that corresponds to each of the following systems of equations. See Example 2. (Answers may appear in slightly different, but equivalent, form.)

10.
$$\begin{cases} 4x + 5y - 3z = 8 \\ 7x - 2y + 9 = 3 \\ 5x - 6y + 3z = 0 \end{cases}$$

11.
$$\begin{cases} y - 2z + 4 = 3x \\ \frac{x}{2} - 4y - 1 = z \\ 3(-y + z) - 1 = 0 \end{cases}$$

12.
$$\begin{cases} 5x + \frac{y-z}{2} = 3 \\ 7(z-x) + y - 2 = 0 \\ x - (4-z) = y \end{cases}$$

13.
$$\begin{cases} \frac{2-3x}{2} = y \\ 3z + 2(x+y) = 0 \\ 2x - y = 2(x-3z) \end{cases}$$

14.
$$\begin{cases} 2(z+3) - x + y = z \\ -3(x-2y) - 1 = 5z \\ \frac{x}{3} - (y-2z) = x \end{cases}$$

15.
$$\begin{cases} \frac{12x-1}{5} + \frac{y}{2} = \frac{3z}{2} \\ y - (x+3z) = -(1-y) \\ 2x - 2 - z - 2y = 7x \end{cases}$$

16.
$$\begin{cases} \frac{3x+4y}{2} - 3z = 6 \\ 3(x-2y+9z) = 0 \\ 2x+6y = 3-z \end{cases}$$

17.
$$\begin{cases} \frac{2x-4y}{3} = 2z \\ 8x = 2(y-3z) + 7 \\ 3x = 2y \end{cases}$$

18.
$$\begin{cases} \frac{2(2x-y)}{3} + z = 7 \\ 4 = \frac{3}{-x+y+3z} \\ 4x - 8y + 4 = 9x \end{cases}$$

19.
$$\begin{cases} 0.5x - 14y = \frac{z}{4} - 8 \\ \frac{x}{5} - y + \frac{z}{4} = \frac{y}{6} - 3 \\ \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{4}{y-x-1} \right) = \frac{5}{z} \end{cases}$$

Construct the system of equations that corresponds to each of the following matrices.

20.
$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 5 & 3 & 9 \\ 1 & 4 & 12 \end{array} \right]$$

21.
$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

22.
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 14 & 0 & 1 & 16 \\ 3 & 6 & 4 & 0 \\ 8 & 2 & 5 & 21 \end{array} \right]$$

23.
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & 6 & 16 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \right]$$

24.
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 1 & 22 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 17 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 & 8 \end{array} \right]$$

25.
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 9 & 13 & 27 \\ 2 & 0 & 21 & 19 \\ 7 & 18 & 0 & 32 \end{array} \right]$$

Fill in the blanks by performing the indicated row operations. See Example 4.

26.
$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 3 & 2 & -7 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-3R_2+R_1} \underline{\quad}$$

27.
$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & -5 & 3 \\ -4 & 3 & -1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{2R_1+R_2} \underline{\quad}$$

$$28. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 4 & 2 & -8 \\ 3 & -9 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{\frac{1}{2}R_1 \\ \frac{1}{3}R_2}} ?$$

$$29. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 9 & -2 & 7 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2} ?$$

$$30. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 4 & 1 & 5 \\ 3 & 6 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{2R_1} ?$$

$$31. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 8 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & -1 & 7 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2R_2} ?$$

$$32. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 9 & 12 & -6 \\ 15 & -3 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-\frac{1}{3}R_1} ?$$

$$33. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 4 & 12 & -6 \\ 7 & 3 & 9 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}R_1 + R_2} ?$$

$$34. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 5 & 7 & -2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{3R_1 + R_2} ?$$

$$35. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 8 & -2 & 10 \\ 9 & -3 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{\frac{1}{2}R_1 \\ -\frac{2}{3}R_2}} ?$$

$$36. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 5 & 2 & 9 & 7 \\ 1 & 3 & -5 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 & 8 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{2R_2 \\ -R_1 + R_3}} ?$$

$$37. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 6 & -2 & 5 & 14 \\ -7 & 19 & 2 & 3 \\ -9 & 11 & -4 & 7 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{3R_1 \\ 0.5R_3}} ?$$

$$38. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 5 & 3 & 13 & 15 \\ 17 & 9 & -8 & -14 \\ 4 & -11 & 19 & 8 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2R_2 + R_3} ?$$

$$39. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 8 & 11 & 18 & 2 \\ 14 & 33 & -3 & -5 \\ -9 & 21 & 12 & 9 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{\frac{1}{3}R_3 + R_1 \\ -2R_3 + R_2}} ?$$

$$40. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & -2 & 4 \\ 3 & -1 & 8 & 2 \\ -5 & 0 & 2 & 7 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{-3R_1 + R_2 \\ 5R_1 + R_3}} ?$$

$$41. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 3 & -3 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 3 & 9 & 12 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{-2R_2 + R_1 \\ -3R_2 + R_3}} ?$$

$$42. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -3 & 2 & 2 \\ 5 & -4 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{2R_1 + R_2} ?$$

$$43. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -5 & 20 & -15 \\ 2 & -12 & 5 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{\frac{1}{5}R_1 \\ \frac{1}{2}R_2}} ?$$

$$44. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 2 & 3 & 7 \\ -3 & 2 & 8 & -2 \\ 1 & 5 & 2 & 6 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{-2R_3 + R_1 \\ 3R_3 + R_2}} ?$$

$$45. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 5 & -9 & 11 \\ 1 & 4 & -1 & 4 \\ 4 & 3 & 5 & 45 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{-R_1 + R_2 \\ -4R_1 + R_3}} ?$$

For each matrix, determine if it is in row echelon form, reduced row echelon form, or neither.

$$46. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$47. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 0 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 12 \end{array} \right]$$

$$48. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 8 \end{array} \right]$$

$$49. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 7 \\ 5 & 1 & 0 & 14 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & -16 \end{array} \right]$$

$$50. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 9 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$51. \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 6 \end{array} \right]$$

Use Gaussian elimination and back-substitution to solve the following systems of equations. See Example 5.

$$52. \begin{cases} 2x - 4y = -6 \\ 3x - y = -4 \end{cases} \quad 53. \begin{cases} 2x - 5y = 11 \\ 3x + 2y = 7 \end{cases} \quad 54. \begin{cases} 5x - y = -21 \\ 9x + 2y = -34 \end{cases}$$

$$55. \begin{cases} x - 4y = -11 \\ 7x - y = 4 \end{cases} \quad 56. \begin{cases} x + 2y = 17 \\ 3x + 4y = 39 \end{cases} \quad 57. \begin{cases} 2x + 6y = 4 \\ -4x - 7y = 7 \end{cases}$$

$$58. \begin{cases} 3x - 2y = 5 \\ -5x + 4y = -3 \end{cases} \quad 59. \begin{cases} 2x + y = -2 \\ -4x - 2y = 5 \end{cases} \quad 60. \begin{cases} 6x - 16y = 10 \\ -3x + 8y = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$61. \begin{cases} 2x - 3y = 0 \\ 5x + y = 17 \end{cases} \quad 62. \begin{cases} 6x + 3y = 3 \\ x + y = 3 \end{cases} \quad 63. \begin{cases} 3x + 6y = -12 \\ 2x + 4y = -8 \end{cases}$$

$$64. \begin{cases} 4x + 5y = 9 \\ 8x + 3y = -17 \end{cases} \quad 65. \begin{cases} \frac{2}{3}x + 2y = 1 \\ x + 3y = 0 \end{cases} \quad 66. \begin{cases} 13x - 17y = -3 \\ -19x + 15y = -35 \end{cases}$$

$$67. \begin{cases} 3x - 9y - 7z = -9 \\ 5x + 11y - z = 17 \\ -4x - 8y + 7z = 5 \end{cases} \quad 68. \begin{cases} 8x - y + 5z = -8 \\ 11x - 2y + 9z = -9 \\ 7x - 3y + 13z = 4 \end{cases} \quad 69. \begin{cases} 17x + 13y + 8z = 46 \\ -12x + 3y + 28z = -19 \\ 14x + 5y - 15z = -15 \end{cases}$$

Use Gauss-Jordan elimination to solve the following systems of equations. See Example 6.

$$70. \begin{cases} 2x - 3y = 8 \\ 8x + 5y = -2 \end{cases} \quad 71. \begin{cases} \frac{2}{3}x + y = -3 \\ 3x + \frac{5}{2}y = -\frac{7}{2} \end{cases} \quad 72. \begin{cases} 3y = 9 \\ x + 2y = 11 \end{cases}$$

$$73. \begin{cases} 6x + 2y = -4 \\ -9x - 3y = 6 \end{cases} \quad 74. \begin{cases} 3y = 6 \\ 5x + 2y = 4 \end{cases} \quad 75. \begin{cases} 3x + 8y = -4 \\ x + 2y = -2 \end{cases}$$

$$76. \begin{cases} -3x + 2y = 5 \\ 5x - 2y = 1 \end{cases} \quad 77. \begin{cases} 9x - 11y = 10 \\ -4x + 3y = -12 \end{cases} \quad 78. \begin{cases} 9x - 15y = -6 \\ -3x + 11y = -10 \end{cases}$$

$$79. \begin{cases} 3x - 8y = 7 \\ 18x - 35y = -23 \end{cases} \quad 80. \begin{cases} 4x + y - 3z = -9 \\ 2x - 3z = -19 \\ 7x - y - 4z = -29 \end{cases} \quad 81. \begin{cases} -5x + 9y + 3z = 1 \\ 3x + 2y - 6z = 9 \\ x + 4y - z = 16 \end{cases}$$

$$82. \begin{cases} 2x - y = 0 \\ 5x - 3y - 3z = 5 \\ 2x + 6z = -10 \end{cases} \quad 83. \begin{cases} x + y = 4 \\ y + 3z = -1 \\ 2x - 2y + 5z = -5 \end{cases} \quad 84. \begin{cases} 2x - 3y = -2 \\ x - 4y + 3z = 0 \\ -2x + 7y - 5z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$85. \begin{cases} 3x + 8z = 3 \\ -3x - 7z = -3 \\ x + 3z = 1 \end{cases} \quad 86. \begin{cases} 3x - y + z = 2 \\ -6x + 2y - 2z = 1 \\ 5x + 2y - 3z = 2 \end{cases} \quad 87. \begin{cases} x + 2y = -1 \\ y + 3z = 7 \\ 2x + 5z = 21 \end{cases}$$

$$88. \begin{cases} 2x + 8y - z = -5 \\ -5x + 3y + 4z = -6 \\ x - 4y - 5z = -8 \end{cases}$$

$$90. \begin{cases} 8x + 14y - 3z = 3 \\ -6x + 2y + 7z = -13 \\ 8x + 19y + 3z = 11 \end{cases}$$

$$92. \begin{cases} 4x + 8y + 7z = 27 \\ -2x + 9y - 8z = -15 \\ 9x + 13y + 7z = -33 \end{cases}$$

$$94. \begin{cases} 3w - x + 5y + 3z = 2 \\ -4w - 10y - 2z = 10 \\ w - x + 2z = 7 \\ 4w - 2x + 5y + 5z = 9 \end{cases}$$

$$89. \begin{cases} 7x - 8y + 2z = -2 \\ 5x - 3y - z = -3 \\ 8x + y - 3z = 7 \end{cases}$$

$$91. \begin{cases} 8x + 5y + 3z = -2 \\ 12x - y - 18z = 1 \\ 7x + 6y + 10z = 19 \end{cases}$$

$$93. \begin{cases} w - x + 2z = 9 \\ 2w + 3y = -1 \\ -2w - 5y - z = 0 \\ x + 2y = -4 \end{cases}$$

APPLICATIONS

95. The sum of three integers is 155. The first integer is sixteen more than the second. The third integer is seven less than the sum of the first integer and twice the second. What are the three integers?
96. Mario bought a pound of bacon, a dozen eggs, and a loaf of bread to make breakfast for his family. The total cost was \$7.42. The bacon cost \$0.03 more than twice the price of the bread and the eggs cost \$0.03 less than half the price of the bread. Find the price of each item.
97. The Pizza House sells three sizes of pizzas: small, medium, large. The prices of the pizzas are \$9.00, \$12.00, and \$15.00, respectively. In one day, they sold 82 pizzas for a total of \$1098.00. If the number of large pizzas sold was twice the number of medium pizzas sold, how many of each size pizza did the Pizza House sell?