

6.9 Exercises

Concept Check

Fill-in-the-Blank. Complete each sentence using information found in this section.

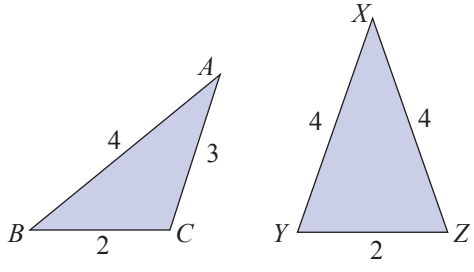
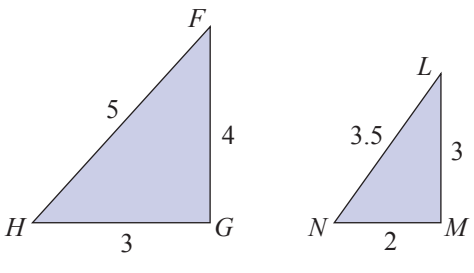
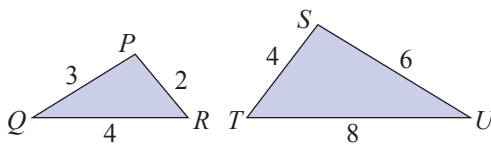
1. Similar triangles have the same _____ even though they may not have the same size.
2. In similar triangles, corresponding angles are _____.
3. In similar triangles, the lengths of corresponding sides are _____.
4. In congruent triangles, the lengths of corresponding sides are _____.

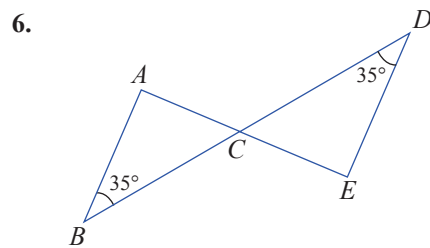
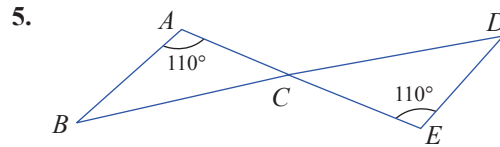
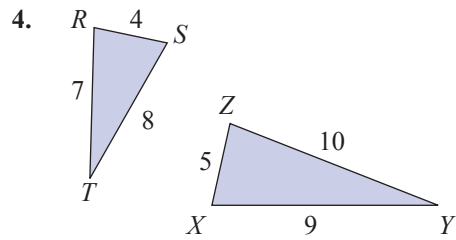
True/False. Determine whether each statement is true or false. If a statement is false, explain how it can be changed so the statement will be true. (**Note:** There may be more than one acceptable change.)

5. Similar triangles have corresponding sides that are equal.
6. If $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$, then the measure of angle C equals the measure of angle D .
7. If $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$, then $AC = DF$.
8. Congruent triangles have corresponding angles that are equal.

Practice

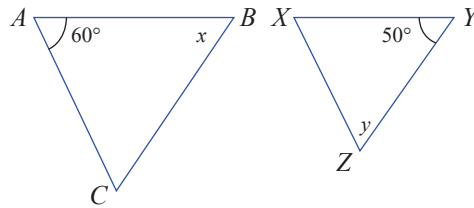
Determine whether each pair of triangles is similar. If the pair of triangles is similar, explain why and indicate the similarity by using the \sim symbol. See Example 1.

1. 
2. 
3. 

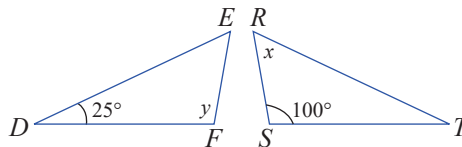


Find the values for x and y . See Example 2.

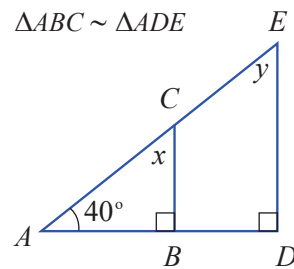
7. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle XYZ$



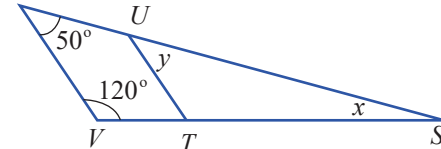
8. $\triangle DEF \sim \triangle TRS$



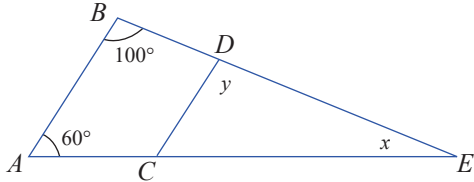
9. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle ADE$



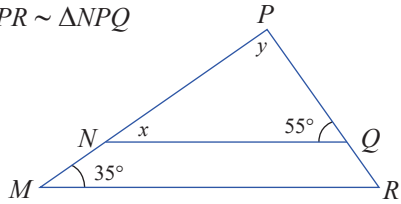
10. $\triangle WVS \sim \triangle UTS$



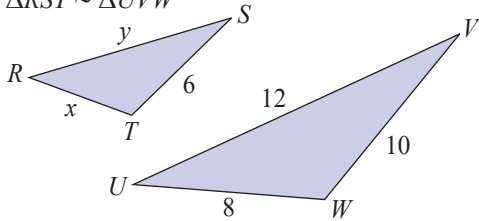
11. $\triangle ABE \sim \triangle CDE$



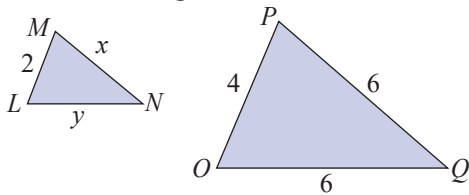
12. $\triangle MPR \sim \triangle NPQ$



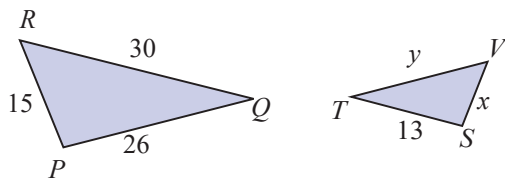
13. $\triangle RST \sim \triangle UVW$



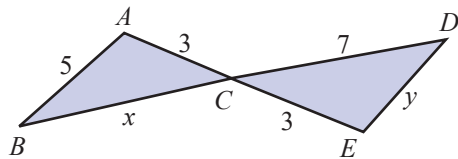
14. $\triangle LMN \sim \triangle OPQ$



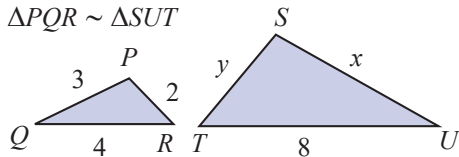
15. $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle STV$



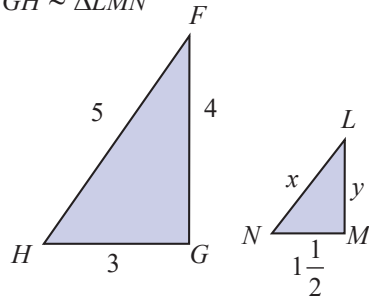
16. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle EDC$



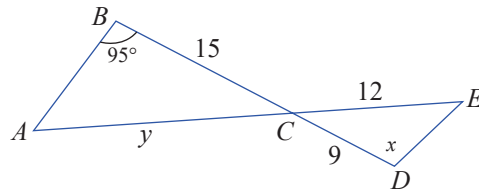
17. $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle SUT$



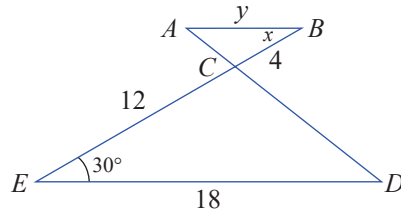
18. $\triangle FGH \sim \triangle LMN$



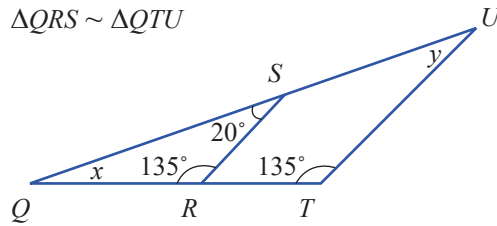
19. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle EDC$



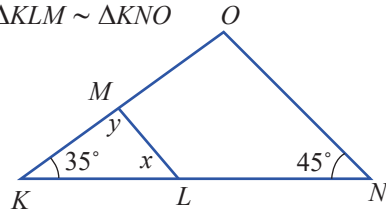
20. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle EDC$



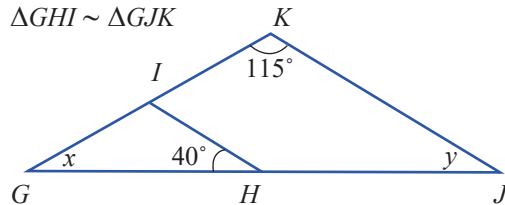
21. $\triangle QRS \sim \triangle QTU$



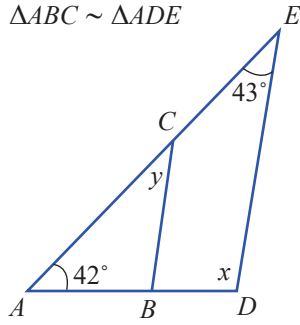
22. $\triangle KLM \sim \triangle KNO$



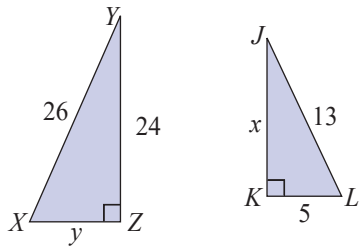
23. $\triangle GHI \sim \triangle GJK$



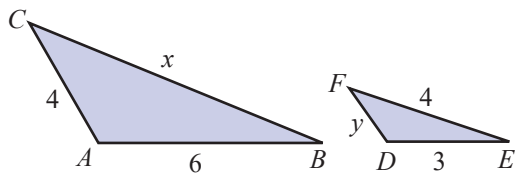
24. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle ADE$



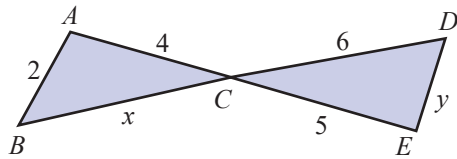
25. $\triangle XYZ \sim \triangle LJK$



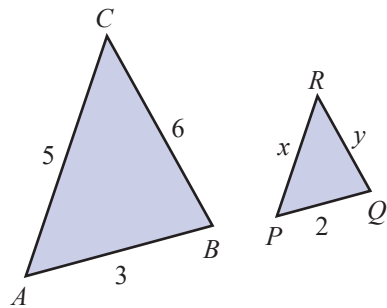
26. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$



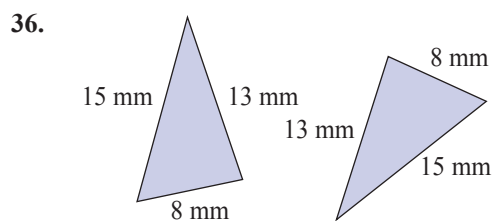
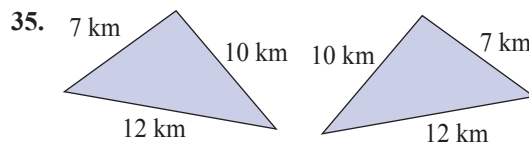
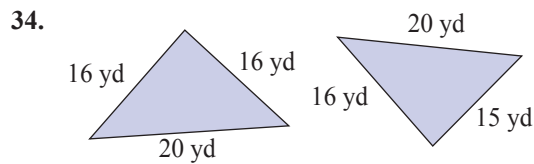
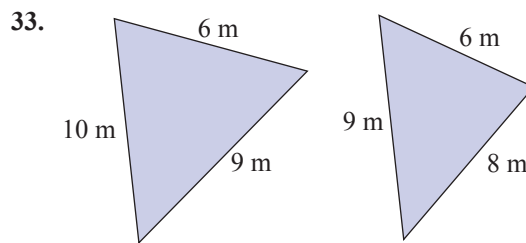
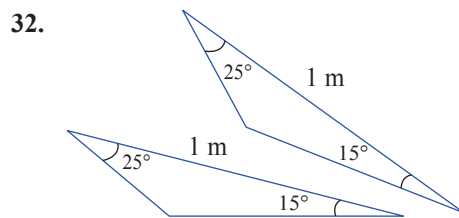
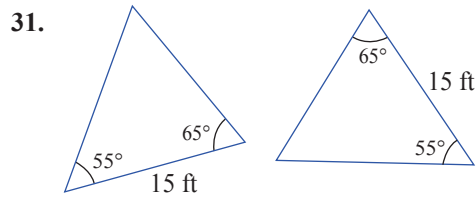
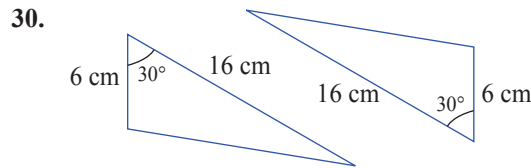
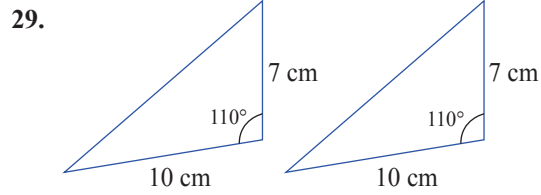
27. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle EDC$



28. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$



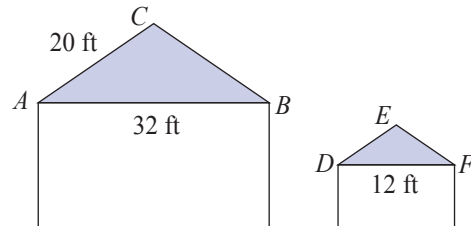
Determine whether each pair of triangles is congruent. If the pair of triangles is congruent, state the property that confirms that they are congruent. See Example 5.



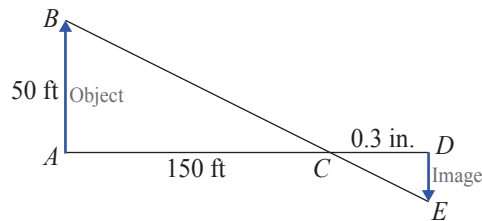
Applications

Solve.

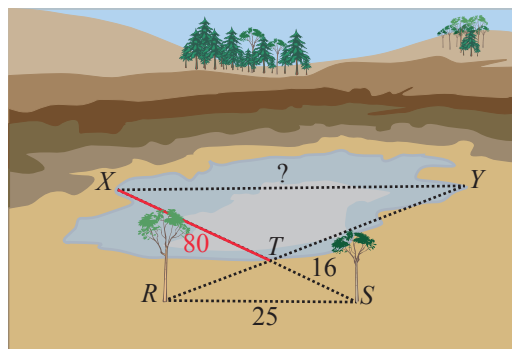
37. A child's playhouse is built to look like a smaller version of the family house, where the ends of the roofs have similar proportions. The width of the main house (AB) is 32 feet and the length from the peak to the gutter of the roof for one of the sides is 20 feet. If the width of the playhouse (DF) is 12 feet, what is the length from the peak to the gutter (DE) of the playhouse roof?



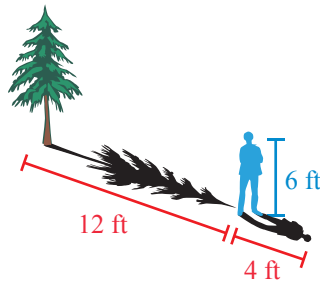
38. A camera uses a lens that will look at a properly focused object (such as a person or a tree) and then display an inverted image of this object on a screen or film that is on the opposite side of the lens as shown in the figure. If a picture of a 50-foot tall building (AB), which is 150 feet from the lens (AC) is photographed, how tall is the image (DE) if the film on the opposite side (CD) is 0.3 inch from the lens.



39. A surveyor is trying to figure out the length of a large quarry. The surveyor sees two trees at the edge of the quarry that are close together, and notices that the line between the two trees is parallel to the line that connects the edges of the quarry at its widest. We will call the two trees points R and S and the points X and Y will be the endpoints of the line connecting the two edges of the quarry. Drawing an imaginary line from R to Y and from S to X creates two similar triangles, $\triangle RST$ and $\triangle YXT$, with a common point T . If the length of RS is 25 yd, the length of ST is 16 yd, and the length of XT is 80 yd, what is the length of the quarry (the distance between X and Y)? (See the figure.)



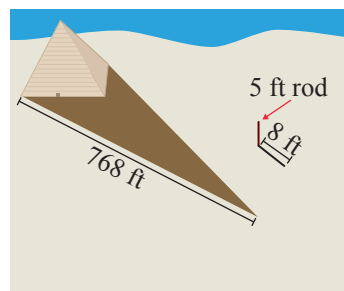
40. You and a friend are walking to class and want to figure out the height of the tree next to your building. Your friend is exactly 6 ft tall and casts 4 ft shadow. The tree casts a 12 ft shadow. How tall is the tree?



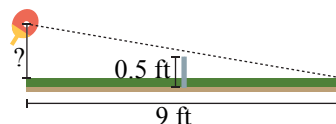
History

Thales was a Greek mathematician who lived approximately 624 BC to 540 BC. While he was an engineer by trade, he was considered by Aristotle to be the first philosopher in the Greek tradition. Thales has also been referred to as the Father of Science. While it is difficult to give Thales credit for measuring the Great Pyramid as described in Exercise 41 (due to a lack of written records), there are stories of him doing this as well as using this method to measure the distances of ships at sea.

41. Thales was a mathematician circa 500 B.C. who wanted to know the height of the Great Pyramid. He discovered he could calculate the height of the pyramid using similar triangles. He stuck a rod in the ground that rose 5 ft into the air and cast an 8 ft shadow. If, at the same time, the length of the shadow from the Great Pyramid was 768 ft, determine the height of the Great Pyramid.

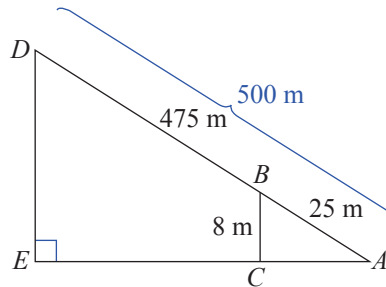


42. At what height off the table would you need to hit a ping pong ball for it to skim the net (0.5 feet tall) and hit on the edge of the opposite side of the table 9 feet away from you? Assume that the net is in the exact center of the table (with 4.5 feet on either side) and that your paddle is directly above the edge of the table.

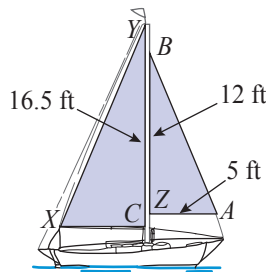


43. Your neighbors are hanging their holiday lights. The ladder they are currently using is 12 feet long and when leaned up against the house just reaches the top of their 8-foot tall porch. How long of a ladder will they need to reach the top of their chimney which is at a height of 32 feet? (Assume that both ladders are placed such that they make the same angle with the ground.)

44. The sloping surface of a hill (from base to peak) is 500 meters long. Paul starts at the base of the hill and walks uphill 25 meters which results in a gain of 8 meters in elevation. What is the height of the hill? (**Hint:** As shown on the accompanying drawing, there are two similar triangles $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle ADE$. Solve for DE .)

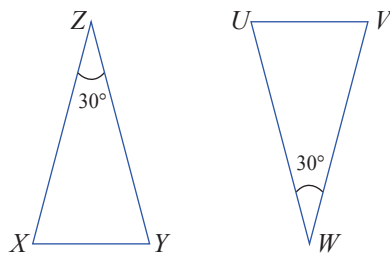


45. A sloop is a sailboat that has two triangular sails on a single mast. If the smaller sail is 12 feet along the mast (CB), and 5 feet along its bottom (AC), and the larger sail is 16.5 feet along the mast (ZY), how wide is the larger sail at the bottom (XZ) if $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle XYZ$ are similar triangles? Round your answer to the nearest tenth.



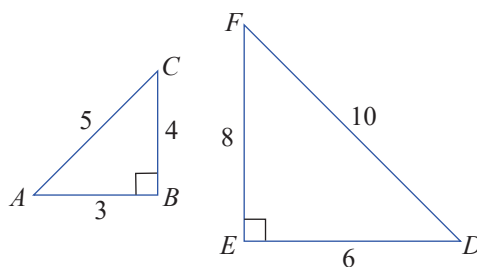
Writing & Thinking

46. In $\triangle XYZ$ and $\triangle UVW$, $m\angle Z = 30^\circ$, and $m\angle W = 30^\circ$.



- If both triangles are isosceles, what are the measures of the other four angles? (In an isosceles triangle, the angles opposite the equal side must be congruent.)
- Are the triangles similar? Explain why.

47. Consider $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$.



- Are the triangles similar? Explain why.
 - If so, which angles are congruent?
48. Determine the errors in the following statement. Assume $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$.
- Corresponding angles are congruent. This means $m\angle A = m\angle D$, $m\angle B = m\angle F$, and $m\angle C = m\angle E$.
 - Corresponding sides are the same length.
49. Kelly needs to determine whether two triangles are similar. She was given the following information.

For $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$, $AB = 3.6$, $AC = 2.4$, $BC = 2$ and $DE = 9$, $DF = 6$, $EF = 5$.

What should be her first step?

50. Given the following information, $AB = 5.5$, $AC = 36$, $BC = 14$ and $DE = 1.1$, $DF = 7.2$, $EF = 4.2$. Jordan has begun calculating whether or not $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$ are similar. Find the error in his calculations.

$$\frac{5.5}{36} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{7.2}{1.1}$$

$$0.15 \neq 0.65$$