

## 4.4 EXERCISES

 PRACTICE

For each of the rational functions in Exercises 1–12, find **a.** any vertical asymptotes, **b.** any horizontal asymptotes, and **c.** any oblique asymptotes.

1.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-4}$

2.  $f(x) = -\frac{3}{x+6}$

3.  $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x+8}$

4.  $f(x) = \frac{5x}{2x+1}$

5.  $f(x) = \frac{x+2}{x^2+1}$

6.  $f(x) = \frac{x-7}{x^2+3}$

7.  $f(x) = \frac{5x^2}{3x^2-2x-1}$

8.  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{x^2+3x}$

9.  $f(x) = \frac{x^2-4}{x}$

10.  $f(x) = \frac{3x^2+2}{x}$

11.  $f(x) = \frac{x^2+1}{x+1}$

12.  $f(x) = \frac{x^2-5}{x-2}$

In Exercises 13–22, sketch the graph of each rational function. Show any asymptotes on each graph.

13.  $f(x) = -\frac{2}{x+5}$

14.  $f(x) = \frac{4}{x-3}$

15.  $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x+1}$

16.  $f(x) = \frac{3x}{x-2}$

17.  $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x-1}$

18.  $f(x) = \frac{x+4}{2x+1}$

19.  $f(x) = 2x + \frac{2}{x}$

20.  $f(x) = 3x + \frac{12}{x}$

21.  $f(x) = \frac{3x^2+6}{x}$

22.  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2+1}{3x}$

 APPLICATIONS

23. Junker Renovation completely overhauls junked or abandoned cars. Data shows their 1970s models hold their value quite well. The value  $F(x)$  of one of these cars is given by  $F(x) = 70 - \frac{15x}{x+1}$  where  $x$  is the number of years since repurchase and  $F$  is in hundreds of dollars.

- What is the initial resale price of a car?
- Find all asymptotes.
- Sketch the function.
- What is the long-term value of one of these cars?

24. The average cost  $A(x)$  is the total cost  $C(x)$  divided by the quantity  $x$ . Thus  $A(x) = \frac{C(x)}{x}$ . If the total cost function for a product is  $C(x) = 3x + 12$ , graph the average cost  $A(x)$ . If there are any asymptotes, locate them and interpret their meaning.

25. A product's total costs are given by  $C(x) = 0.03x^2 + 24x + 10$ .
- Graph the average cost function, locating any asymptotes.
  - What is the meaning of the asymptotes for average cost?
26. The Polar Pollution Control Company removes debris from old motors. Suppose the cost  $F(x)$  of removing  $x$  percent of the pollutants is given by  $F(x) = \frac{100,000}{100-x}$ , where  $x$  is a percentage,  $0 \leq x < 100$ , and  $F$  is in dollars.
- Determine  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} F(x)$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 100^-} F(x)$  and interpret their meanings.
  - What percentage can be removed at a cost of \$3000?
  - Show that  $F(x)$  is always increasing. Does this make sense in the context of the problem?
27. The cost of camel rides in Tunisia is modeled by the function  $F(x) = 40 - \frac{20x}{x+3}$ , where  $x$  is the number of years since 2000 and  $F$  is a national average cost in dinars.
- What was the cost of a camel ride in 2002?
  - What are the asymptotes for  $F$  and which is significant in the problem?
  - When was the average cost 26 dinars?
28. The sugar level concentration in the bloodstream of a certain diabetes patient is modeled by  $S(t) = 1 + \frac{0.2t}{t^2 + 2}$ , where  $S$  is in suitable units and  $t$  is the time in hours following a meal of allowed carbohydrate content.
- Which asymptotes play a role here?
  - For  $0 \leq t \leq 6$ , what is the highest  $S$ -value and when does it occur? (If this level exceeds 4, the patient will become ill.)
  - Are there any inflection points? What is the meaning in the context of the problem of an inflection point?
29. Data suggests a professional football team will win  $F(x)$  games (out of 17) if the salary of the superstar players increases. For one team, the function  $F$  is given by  $F(x) = 8 + \frac{6x - 96}{0.125x^2 - 4x + 34}$ , where  $x$  is the average salary (in millions) of the superstars (players earning at least one million dollars).
- Are there any asymptotes of consequence in the problem?
  - What average salary gives the biggest return on games won, according to this model? (Here return is total games won.)
30. If administrative assistants at Bookworm Publications make phone follow-ups after textbook reviews, more colleges and universities will adopt a new statistics book. The publisher noticed that new book sales varied in the second year according to  $S(x) = A_0 - \frac{(x+200)}{x^2}$ , where  $S$  is total sales and  $x$  is the number of phone calls made to colleges which have adopted the book.  $A_0$  denotes the sales from the previous year.
- Assuming  $A_0 = 2500$ , what sales can Bookworm Publications expect if they make 100 follow-up phone calls?
  - What is the horizontal asymptote and what is its significance?