

$$|x+5| = |2x+1|$$

$$x+5 = 2x+1 \quad \text{or} \quad x+5 = -(2x+1)$$

$$x+5-x = 2x+1-x \quad x+5 = -2x-1$$

$$5 = x+1 \quad x+5+2x = -2x-1+2x$$

$$5-1 = x+1-1 \quad 3x+5 = -1$$

$$4 = x \quad 3x+5-5 = -1-5$$

$$3x = -6$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{-6}{3}$$

$$x = -2$$

Note the use of parentheses. We want the opposite of the entire expression  $(2x+1)$ .

Make sure to check that both 4 and  $-2$  satisfy the original equation.

**Now work margin exercise 2.**

**Margin Exercise Answers**

1. a.  $x = -8, 8$  b.  $x = -\frac{6}{5}, 2$  c. no solution d.  $x = -2, \frac{3}{2}$  2.  $x = -11, 3$

## 9.9 Exercises

### Concept Check

**Fill-in-the-Blank.** Complete each sentence using information found in this section.

- If an absolute value expression is isolated on one side of an equation, the equation is in \_\_\_\_\_ form.
- If two numbers have the same absolute value, then either they are \_\_\_\_\_ or they are \_\_\_\_\_ of each other.
- The absolute value of a number is its \_\_\_\_\_ from 0 on the number line.
- The absolute value of any number must be \_\_\_\_\_ or 0.

**True/False.** Determine whether each statement is true or false. If a statement is false, explain how it can be changed so the statement will be true. (**Note:** There may be more than one acceptable change.)

- Equations involving absolute value can only have one solution.
- If two numbers have the same absolute value, they must be equal to each other.
- There is no number that has a negative absolute value.
- If  $|a| = |b|$ , we can only rewrite it as  $a = b$ .

**Practice**

Solve each absolute value equation. See Examples 1 and 2.

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- |                         |                                                                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. $ x  = 8$            | 21. $\left \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{1}{2}\right  = 6$                  |
| 2. $ x  = 6$            | 22. $\left \frac{1}{5}y - \frac{2}{3}\right  = \frac{2}{3}$        |
| 3. $ z  = -\frac{1}{5}$ | 23. $5\left \frac{x}{2} + 1\right  - 7 = 8$                        |
| 4. $ z  = \frac{1}{5}$  | 24. $6\left \frac{x}{5} - 2\right  + 5 = 11$                       |
| 5. $ x + 3  = 2$        | 25. $3\left \frac{x}{3} + 1\right  - 5 = -2$                       |
| 6. $ y + 5  = -7$       | 26. $2\left \frac{x}{4} - 3\right  + 6 = 10$                       |
| 7. $ 6x - 1  = 9$       | 27. $ 2x - 1  =  x + 2 $                                           |
| 8. $ 3x + 1  = 8$       | 28. $ 2x - 5  =  x - 3 $                                           |
| 9. $ 6n + 4  = 8$       | 29. $ x + 3  =  x - 5 $                                            |
| 10. $ 3x - 5  = 10$     | 30. $ x - 8  =  x + 4 $                                            |
| 11. $ 3x + 4  = -9$     | 31. $ 3x + 1  =  4 - x $                                           |
| 12. $ -2x + 1  = -3$    | 32. $ 5x + 4  =  1 - 3x $                                          |
| 13. $ -5x + 10  = 0$    | 33. $\left \frac{3x}{2} + 2\right  = \left \frac{x}{4} + 3\right $ |
| 14. $ 6y + 4  = 0$      | 34. $\left \frac{x}{3} - 4\right  = \left \frac{5x}{6} + 1\right $ |
| 15. $ -4x + 1  = 7$     | 35. $\left \frac{2x}{5} - 3\right  = \left \frac{x}{2} - 1\right $ |
| 16. $ -3x + 4  = 7$     | 36. $\left \frac{4x}{3} + 7\right  = \left \frac{x}{4} + 2\right $ |
| 17. $ 5x - 2  + 4 = 7$  |                                                                    |
| 18. $ 2x - 7  - 1 = 0$  |                                                                    |
| 19. $ -3x + 4  - 2 = 3$ |                                                                    |
| 20. $ -x + 5  + 1 = 9$  |                                                                    |