

## Looking Ahead

In the following example, you will find the square root of an expression that contains variables raised to exponents that are not all even.

### Example Preview

Simplify the following radical expression.

$$\sqrt{14y^{14}z}$$

### Solution

This expression can be simplified as follows.

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{14y^{14}z} &= \sqrt{14} \cdot \sqrt{y^{14}} \cdot \sqrt{z} \\ &= \sqrt{14} \cdot \sqrt{z} \cdot |y^7| \\ &= \sqrt{14} \cdot |y^7| \\ &= |y^7| \sqrt{14}\end{aligned}$$

## 3.R.4 Exercises

### Concept Check

**True/False.** Determine whether each statement is true or false. If a statement is false, explain how it can be changed so the statement will be true. (**Note:** There may be more than one acceptable change.)

- Any variable term with an exponent of 5 has a perfect cube factor within that variable term.
- The simplest form of a radical expression can be found by using prime factorization.
- If  $x$  is a real number, then  $\sqrt{x^2} = x$ .
- The term  $7b^3\sqrt{6c^2}$  is in simplified form.

**Practice**

Simplify each of the following radical expressions. Assume that all variables represent positive real numbers.

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5.  $\sqrt{162}$

6.  $\sqrt{\frac{32}{49}}$

7.  $\sqrt{24x^{11}y^2}$

8.  $\sqrt[3]{56}$

9.  $\sqrt[3]{-8x^8}$

## Applications

Use the following two formulas associated with electricity

$$I = \sqrt{\frac{P}{R}} \quad \begin{array}{l} P = \text{power (in watts)} \\ I = \text{current (in amperes)} \end{array}$$

$$E = \sqrt{PR} \quad \begin{array}{l} E = \text{voltage (in volts)} \\ R = \text{resistance (in ohms, } \Omega) \end{array}$$

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10. **Electricity:** What is the current in amperes of a light bulb that produces 150 watts of power and has a  $25 \Omega$  resistance?
11. **Electricity:** If a light bulb has a resistance of  $30 \Omega$  and produces 90 watts of power, what is its current in amperes?

## Writing & Thinking

12. Under what conditions is the expression  $\sqrt{a}$  not a real number?
13. Explain why the expression  $\sqrt[3]{y}$  is a real number regardless of whether  $y > 0$ ,  $y < 0$ , or  $y = 0$ .